

Transforming the NCI Clinical Trials System

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Reviews of NCI's Clinical Trials System



- Emphasized need for public clinical trials system
- Consensus achieved on 4 goals for transforming the system:
 - Improve speed/efficiency of development & conduct
 - Incorporate innovative science and trial design
 - Improve trial prioritization, support, & completion
 - Incentivize participation of patients & physicians
- In response, NCI is transforming its clinical trials system to create a highly integrated network to address rapid advances in cancer biology based on:
 - Recommendations from the IOM Report
 - Previous reports (CTWG & Operational Efficiency)
 - NCAB, BSA and CTAC
 - Current stakeholder input

- Enhance inclusion of innovative and clinically meaningful science and decrease duplication across all NCI-supported clinical trials
 - Improve connections between NCI translational and earlyphase clinical trial mechanisms
 - National Clinical Trials Network (NCTN) (revised Cooperative Groups) should be open to scientific concepts from outside the Groups or other NCI-supported mechanism

- Prioritize trials that are practice-changing with meaningful clinical benefit
 - Federal system should focus on multi-modality treatments, adjuvant therapy, combinations of novel agents, screening and prevention strategies and therapies for rare diseases
- Improve Timelines of Concept Development and Scientific Review
 - Value-added review not minor changes
 - Clarify roles of SC/Task Forces to streamline review

- Promote efficiency across the Network
 - Standardization of protocols, CRFs, ICDs, auditing, etc., should be emphasized with minimal deviation
 - Use the CIRB as the IRB of record for NCTN trials.
 - NCTN should be the chief vehicle for phase 2 and 3 trials, and all NCI-funded mechanisms should be held accountable for their participation in NCTN trials

- Increase funding for NCI-supported Clinical Trials
 - For trials prioritized by NCTN, funding should be sufficient to reimburse research costs
 - Expand BISQFP (Biomarker, Imaging, Quality of Life, and Cost Effectiveness Analyses Funding Program)
- Ensure a national infrastructure to enable physician participation
 - Review criteria should recognize role of Groups in training and career development
 - Review criteria for other NCI-supported mechanisms (i.e., SPORES, Ca Centers) should provide credit for the scientific leadership provided by their faculty to the NCTN

Scientific Rationale for Transforming Current System

GROUP CONSOLIDATION & CREATING A NETWORK

- Ability to prioritize molecular characterization resources & develop molecularly-driven trial designs is critical for success of multisite clinical trials: these trials often require screening of large patient populations
 - Prioritization is facilitated by fewer groups with multi-disease capabilities and screening is facilitated by larger, multi-disease groups
- Need to improve prioritization of phase 3 portfolio across disease entities
 as trial costs (due to size and/or complexity) increase with limited resources
 - Prioritization is facilitated by fewer groups with multi-modality capability
- Removes disincentives to study less common diseases b/o accrual risks
 - Larger, multi-modality, multi-disease groups help to remove disincentives

Scientific Rationale for Transforming Current System

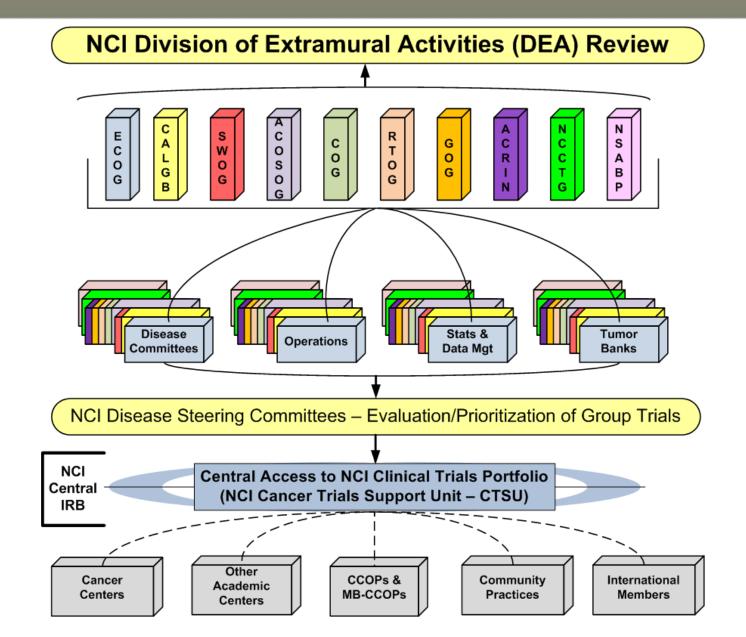
GROUP CONSOLIDATION & CREATING A NETWORK

- Shared IT infrastructure with common front end for clinical data management and for tissue resource management will be more manageable with fewer independent entities
- Harmonized procedures for scientific/administrative oversight for therapeutic trials and quality of life/cancer control studies is more feasible with fewer groups
- Scientific interactions around imaging facilitated by integrating ACRIN
- Optimal use tissue specimens by creating an integrated national banking resource
- Open access to a National Clinical Trials Network for clinical/translational investigators not currently involved in Group platform will assure best competition of ideas/movement high priority science into trials

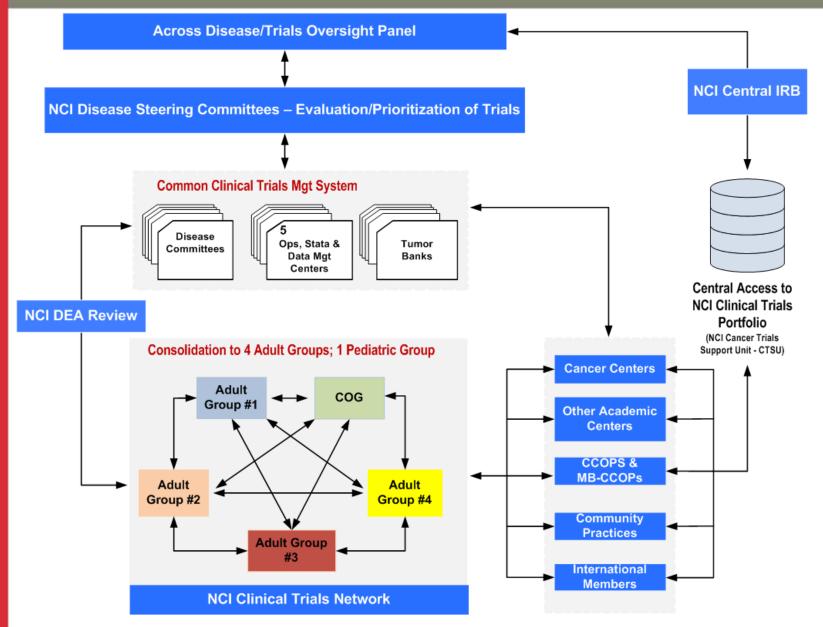
NCI Recommendations

- Integration into not more than 4 Adult Groups and 1
 Pediatric Group with multi-modality capacity in a broad range of diseases all fully committed to a national clinical trials network
- Potential strategies to assist integration:
 - NIH grants now permits multiple PIs which may help with leadership transition
 - Incentivize the transition with provision of additional resources
 - Allow distributed data mgt & operations to avoid disruptions of ongoing trials
 - Combine (rather than disband) overlapping disease committees to include all current participants
- Re-configure NCI review of the clinical trials program with emphasis on incentives for a national system

Organizational Structure of the Program: 2011



Proposed New Organizational Structure for the NCI Clinical Trials Network



NCI's Response to Recommendations

Progress:



As recommended by IOM, support up to 4 Adult and 1 Pediatric Group; Engaged in discussion with Group Chairs about potential consolidation activities & incentivize the transition with provision of additional resources

1st steps to consolidation/transition: RTOG-NSABP; ACOSOG-CALGB-NCCTG; ECOG-ACRIN GOG recently announced negotiations with NSABP-RTOG



Consideration of modified site U10 program and proposed new funding model based on increased per case reimbursement for high-accruing sites



Planning NCI external peer-review of Groups in same review cycle & new review criteria on collaboration/evaluation as partners in National Clinical Trials Network; use of NIH/NCI multiple PI construct for program grants

NCI's Response to Recommendations

Progress:



Instituted comprehensive, central 24/7 patient registration for all adult Group trials, w/ regulatory & site verification of participation by Cancer Trials Support Unit (CTSU);

incorporation of COG into system in near future



Implemented OEWG timelines for concept evaluation, protocol development, trial activation



Working with Groups on a single, harmonized approach to clinical trial management, including protocol authoring, case report forms, standardized data collection & management



Working on establishing ongoing collaborative management team to manage program as a national program

Components of New Review Process for Transformed System

Re-configure NCI external peer-review of clinical trials program grants with emphasis on incentives for a national system – all trials on the CTSU will be open to all sites and sites can credit any Group to which they belong

- Components of review for the NCTN system
 - Disease-specific SCs evaluate/prioritize specific trials
 - Reconfigures NCI/NIH external peer review of new system
 - Criteria for scientific evaluation will no longer focus on trials put forward by disease committees; emphasis will shift to evaluating role of Group in NCTN & overall scientific direction/quality
 - Operational Efficiency
 - Review criteria for collaborative management of the system
 - Coordination with other NCI-funded programs
 CCOPs, Tumor Banks, Cancer Centers, SPORES, N01s/U01s, P01s

Questions for CTAC

- Does CTAC believe the changes in review criteria will foster a collaborative network?
- Are there other measures/resources NCI should consider to make the Network available to non-Group investigators?

Tentative Timeline for Change

Dec 2010 – Jul 2011: Gather information/input from stakeholders

& community for New FOA & Guidelines;

develop Concept

Aug 2011: NCI Divisional/CTROC Concept Review

Sept 2011: NCI Scientific Program Leadership Concept

Review

Nov 2011: BSA Concept Review

Nov 2011 – July 2012: NCI DEA & NIH Review of FOA & Guidelines

July 2012 New FOA Released/Published

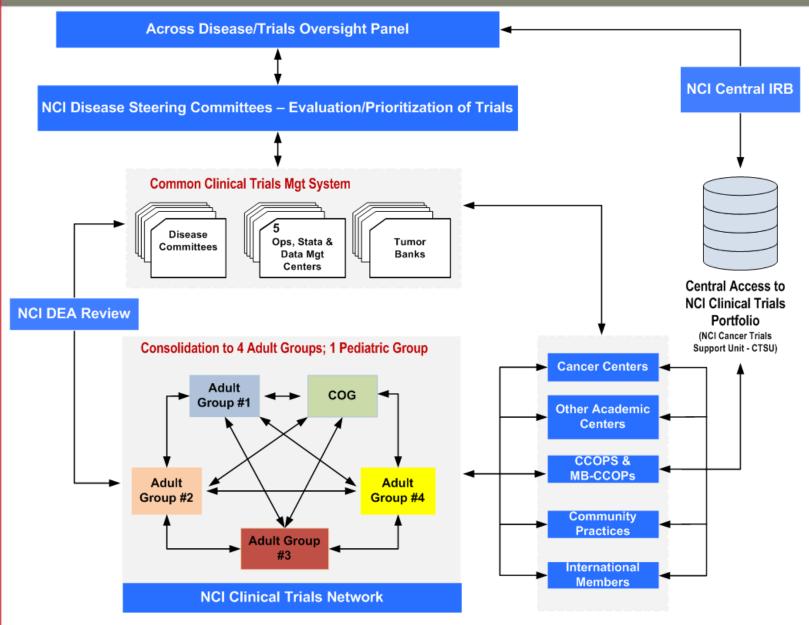
Nov 2012 Receipt of Competing Applications for New FOA

Feb 2013 Review of Competing Applications by DEA

May 2013 NCAB Review

After Oct 2013 Rollout of Awards in FY2014

Proposed New Organizational Structure for the NCI's Clinical Trials Network





Improve Prioritization, Selection, Support, and Completion of Cancer Clinical Trials

NCI has re-evaluated and changed its role in the clinical trials system.

<u>Progress</u>

- Initiated Clinical Trials and Translational Research Advisory Committee:
 First federally-chartered NCI advisory group in a decade; in operation
 for >3 years with specific responsibilities for NCI's clinical trials
 programs; currently engaged in evaluation of implementation of CTWG
 recommendations
- Revamped prioritization process for large phase 2 and phase 3 treatment and control trials by creating disease- and modality-specific Steering Committees to ensure that most important trials are given highest priority
 - > Steering Committees convene clinical trials planning meetings to identify critical clinical trial issues for future studies
 - While NCI has a voice on the Steering Committees, its role is to facilitate trial implementation, rather than to direct primary review

Disease-Specific Steering Committees: Prioritizing Clinical Trials

| Steering Committee | Year Established | Co-Chairs Disease-Specific Steering Committees (SCs) | | |
|--|---------------------|---|--|--|
| GI | 2006 | Dan Haller, MD & Joel Tepper, MD | | |
| Gyne | 2006 | David M. Gershenson, MD, Gillian Thomas, MD, & Michael Birrer, MD | | |
| Head & Neck | 2007 | David Adelstein, MD, David Brizel, MD, & David Schuller, MD | | |
| GU | 2008 | Eric Klein, MD, George Wilding, MD*, & Anthony Zietman, MD | | |
| Breast | 2008 | Charles Geyer, MD & Nancy Davidson, MD* | | |
| Thoracic | 2008 | David Harpole, MD, William Sause, MD, & Mark Socinski, MD | | |
| Leukemia | 2009 | Wendy Stock, MD & Jerry Radich, MD | | |
| Lymphoma | 2009 | Oliver Press, MD & Julie Vose, MD | | |
| Myeloma | 2009 | Morie Gertz, MD & Nikhil Munshi, MD | | |
| Brain | 2010 | Ian Pollack, MD & Al Yung, MD | | |
| Pediatrics (Heme & Solid Tumors) | 2011 | David Poplack, MD & Robert Arceci, MD (Leukemia & Lymphoma) Mark Bernstein, MD (Solid Tumors) | | |
| | | 1000 | | |

Over 180 Concepts evaluated since inception of SCs (6/30/2011)
*Cancer Center Directors

Other Related Steering Committees: (Non-disease Focus)

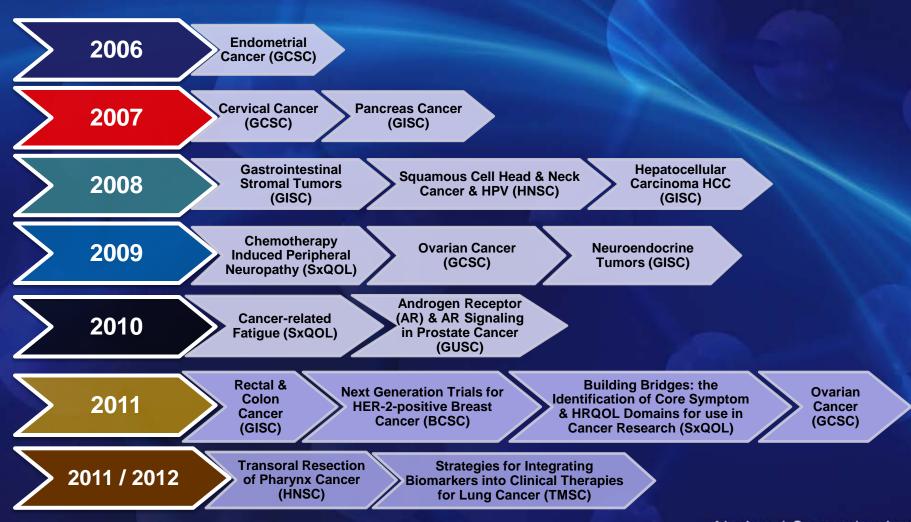
- Investigational Drug Steering Committee
 - Co-Chairs: Pat LoRusso, DO, & Dan Sullivan, MD
- Clinical Imaging Steering Committee
 - Co-Chairs: Steven Larson, MD and Etta Pisano, MD
- Symptom Management & Health-Related Quality of Life Steering Committee
 - Co-Chairs: Deborah Bruner, RN, PhD & Michael J. Fisch, MD, MPH
- Patient Advocate Steering Committee
 - Co-Chairs: Regina Vidaver & Nancy Roach

Scientific Steering Committee Concept Evaluation (as of 06/30/2011)

| Steering Committee | Year Established | Number Evaluated | Approved | OPEN to Accrual |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| GISC | 2006 | 33 | 15 | 12 |
| GCSC | 2006 | 35 | 24 | 19 |
| HNSC | 2007 | 9 | 4 | 4 |
| SxQOL SC | 2007 | 39 | 17 | 9 |
| GUSC | 2008 | 14 | 6 | 3 |
| BCSC | 2008 | 17 | 6 | 4 |
| TMSC | 2008 | 15 | 4 | 2 |
| LKSC | 2009 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| LYSC | 2009 | 9 | 4 | 0 |
| MYSC | 2009 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| BMSC | 2010 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| Peds LL SC | 2011 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| | | 184 | 85* (46%) | 53 |

National Cancer Institute

Clinical Trials Planning Meetings (CTPMs)



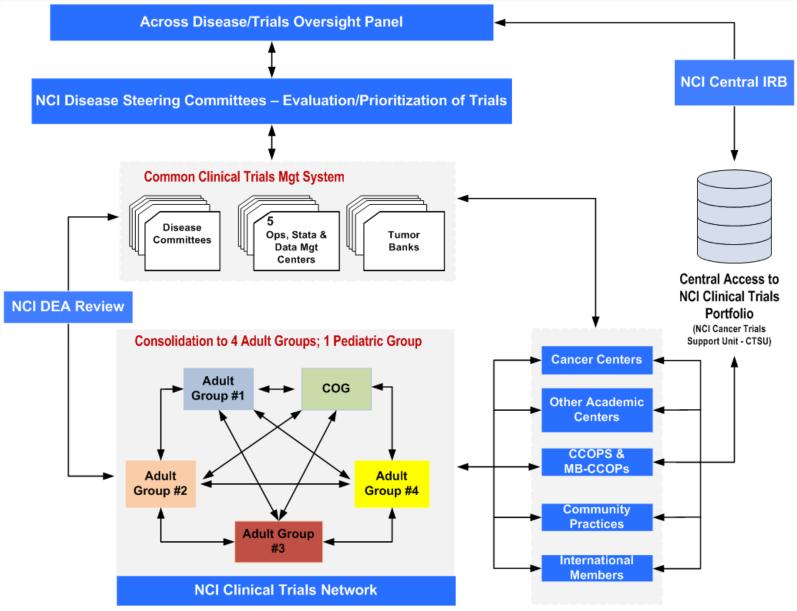


Dual Function of Steering Committees

- Steering Committees evaluate and prioritize trial concepts received from Group and non-Group investigators for large phase 2 and phase 3 trials
 - Some SC's have created Task Forces to help with this evaluation

 Steering Committees strategize regarding the needs of clinical research in their domain and may form Task Forces, Working Groups and/or hold Clinical Trials Planning Meetings to encourage/develop trials to respond to unmet needs

Proposed New Organizational Structure for the NCI's Clinical Trials Program



NCTN Strategic Working Group

- Scientific Steering Committees are disease or modality focused.
- NCI, Group Chairs and CCOP Research Base Pls need feedback and assistance in assessing crossdisease/modality priorities
- This feedback should be provided by thought leaders from within and outside the Groups, and should be part of CTAC
- This is NOT another level of protocol-specific review
 - Strategy as opposed to tactics
 - Longer-term planning as opposed to short-term objectives

Responsibilities of the NCTN Strategic Working Group

Monitor and assess the scientific effectiveness of the individual Scientific Steering Committees by addressing the following questions and recommending improvements as needed:

- Is each Steering Committee making decisions that result, over time, in a portfolio that represents the most important and bestdesigned trials for its clinical domain?
- Are approval/disapproval decisions within each Steering Committee justified with clear and compelling rationales?
- Have changes required by Steering Committees' resulted in improved clinical trial designs?

Responsibilities of the NCTN Strategic Working Group (cont'd)

Monitor and assess the scientific conduct across Steering Committees and recommend improvements as needed:

- Are the standards used by Steering Committees to judge scientific merit and clinical importance/prioritization consistent across the Committees? If there is variation, is it justified by distinctive characteristics of the respective clinical domains?
- Does each Steering Committee conduct task forces, working groups or clinical trials planning meetings that effectively help to assess the unmet clinical research needs in their respective clinical domains? How effective are these complementary activities?

Responsibilities of the NCTN Strategic Working Group (cont'd)

Monitor and assess the balance, coherence and appropriateness of NCI's overall late stage clinical trials portfolio by addressing the following questions.

- Is the portfolio of Steering Committee-approved trials appropriately balanced across clinical domains in light of available resources, clinical needs and scientific opportunities?
- If not, how should the Steering Committees adjust their decision criteria and processes so as to achieve a more optimal balance system-wide?

Responsibilities of the NCTN Strategic Working Group (cont'd)

- Recommend new strategic priorities and directions for late stage clinical trials based on the current portfolio of trials, evolving clinical needs and emerging scientific opportunities
- Output would be:
 - Recommendations to individual Steering Committees
 - Recommendations to NCI and Groups about the entire portfolio in a disease area
 - Recommendations across diseases to NCI about the portfolio of the entire system
 - Report to CTAC about function/needs of the entire system

Proposed Categories of NCTN Strategic Working Group Membership

Non-NCI

Cooperative Group Chairs

Cooperative Group Statisticians

Cancer Center Directors

CCOP PIs

Patient advocates

Translational scientists (SPORE/PO1)

Cancer Control - Research Base Pls

Steering Committee Chairs

CTAC members

<u>NCI</u>

DCTD

DCP

CCCT



Vision of Transformed Network

- System provides essential infrastructure for Group trials in treatment, control, screening, diagnosis, & prevention; and is major enabler of e, definitive confirmation of cutting-edge discoveries across all of NCI's clinical research programs
- Trials approved by Steering Committees open rapidly opened and complete accrual according to defined guidelines by leveraging an integrated national network of performance sites
- User-friendly system with harmonized processes is available to the extramural cancer community: investigators, patients, advocates, and industry
- New system provides an optimal platform to perform large scale testing of increasingly smaller subsets of molecularly-defined cancers, and efficiently answers critical questions not well supported in a commercial environment